

Serdülőkori self-diszkrepanciákkal kapcsolatos vizsgálatok

VARRÓ ÉVA

*Sapientia EMTE, Marosvásárhely
varroeva@hotmail.com*

Abstract: This paper presents some results of a research focused on self-discrepancies in adolescence. The theoretical basis of the research was presented in the previous number of Transylvanian Journal of Psychology. The investigation covered a sample of 510 hungarian young people of 15-18 years, living in Romania, and concerned the following: the types and the measures of discrepancies in their self-representations, the connections between the self-discrepancies and some demographic variables (gender, age, urban/rural environment, parent's qualification), and between the self-discrepancies and the identity statuses they reached. The girls, the 16-17 year olds, the rurals, the lower qualified parent's children, and the moratoriums present more and/or greater self-discrepancies.

Keywords: self-discrepancy types; self-discrepancies in different demographic categories; self-discrepancies in different adolescent identity statuses: achievement, moratorium, foreclosure, diffusion.